## Appendix 1

Infant (0-68 month) developmental outcomes, according to familial patterns of HIV infection – sample limited to adolescent mothers only

	Overall	Third	Second	No HIV	p-
	(N=1015)	Generation	Generation	Exposure	value
		(n=23)	(n=229)	(n=721)	
Mullen Scales of					
Child Development					
(M, SD)					
Gross Motor Score*	49.7 (12.5)	54.3 (16. 7) <sup>a</sup>	46.8 (12.7) <sup>b</sup>	50.3 (12.2)	<.001
Visual Reception Score	42.1 (14.2)	44.0 (13.7)	40.4 (14.1)	42.5 (14.2)	.12
Fine Motor Score	43.7(14.7)	45.0 (16.2)	41.3 (15.5) <sup>b</sup>	44.4 (14.3)	.017
Receptive Language	47.5 (13.5)	48.5 (14.0)	46.4 (14.9)	47.8 (13.0)	.37
Score					
Expressive Language	51.6 (13.5)	51.1 (14.0)	51.0 (14.8)	51.8 (13.0)	.71
Score					
Composite Score	93.3 (21.3)	95.0 (23.1)	90.6 (22.8)	94.1 (20.7)	.098
WHO Disability	234 (26.9%)	6 (27.3%)	63 (28.9%)	165 (26.2%)	.73
Score- Any Disability					
(N, %)					
Any Days Sick (past	212 (22.1%)	3 (15.0%)	37 (16.2%)	172 (24.2%)	.032
month) (N, %)					

*Notes*. Group comparisons were conducted using  $\chi^2$  tests for categorical variables and univariate analyses of variance for continuous variables. \*Gross motor score: n = 831. Mullen subdomain scores range from 20-80, composite scores from 49-155. Tukey's range post hoc tests were undertaken to identify mean differences between groups for continuous variable: <sup>a</sup> Statistically different from the second generation (p < 0.05), <sup>b</sup> Statistically different from HIV unexposed group (p < 0.05).