BMJ Open Does an expanded allied health student training programme in regional New South Wales (Australia) result in a positive social return on investment? A protocol for a single-university education-based economic evaluation

Melissa Nott , ¹ Elyce Green , ¹ Micheal Anderson, ² Louise French, ¹ Chelsea Lander, ¹ Rachael McAleer, ³ Natasha Brusco ⁶

To cite: Nott M, Green E, Anderson M, et al. Does an expanded allied health student training programme in regional New South Wales (Australia) result in a positive social return on investment? A protocol for a single-university education-based economic evaluation. BMJ Open 2024;14:e081419. doi:10.1136/ bmjopen-2023-081419

Prepublication history and additional supplemental material for this paper are available online. To view these files, please visit the journal online (https://doi.org/10.1136/ bmjopen-2023-081419).

Received 27 October 2023 Accepted 17 July 2024



@ Author(s) (or their employer(s)) 2024. Re-use permitted under CC BY-NC. No commercial re-use. See rights and permissions. Published by

For numbered affiliations see end of article.

Correspondence to

Dr Melissa Nott; mnott@csu.edu.au

ABSTRACT

Introduction 20 years ago, health professional student placements in rural areas of Australia were identified as an important rural recruitment strategy and funding priority. Since then, there has been a growing body of research investigating the value, impact, barriers and facilitators of student placements in rural areas of Australia. Charles Sturt University, Three Rivers Department of Rural Health, was recently awarded an Australian Government grant to expand their Rural Health Multidisciplinary Training (RHMT) programme, designed to increase multi-disciplinary student placements in rural areas of New South Wales (NSW), Australia. The aim of this study is to determine if the expanded RHMT has a positive social return on investment (SROI).

Methods and analyses The RHMT Programme will expand into the Forbes/Parkes/Lachlan local government areas of NSW where there is a population of 21 004 people, including 3743 First Nations peoples. Data collection includes collecting programme outputs, programme costs and conducting surveys and interviews with students, host organisations, supervisors and community members including First Nations peoples. The SROI will quantify the 'investment' required to implement the RHMT programme, as well as the 'social return' on the RHMT programme from the student, organisational. supervisor and community perspectives. The SROI will compare the combined cost with the combined return, from a societal perspective, including a 3-year time horizon, with cost data presented in \$A 2024/25.

Discussion The findings of this SROI study may influence future Australian government investment in RHMT as a mechanism for supporting rural allied health recruitment and for investing in the local rural economy.

Ethics and dissemination This study has been approved by the Charles Sturt University Human Research Ethics Committee (#H23589) and the Aboriginal Health and Medical Research Council of New South Wales (#2130/23). Results will be disseminated via a peer-review journal publication, as well as conference presentations.

STRENGTHS AND LIMITATIONS OF THIS STUDY

- ⇒ First Nations peoples have been involved in the conceptualisation and design of this expanded Rural Health Multidisciplinary Training (RHMT) Programme evaluation, as the study involves and impacts First Nations peoples.
- ⇒ The 3-year time horizon for the expanded RHMT Programme evaluation provides a strong foundation for a social return on investment analysis (compared with a time horizon of less than 12 months).
- ⇒ The planned data collection is likely to identify currently unknown factors of 'value' that stem from the expanded RHMT Programme: to reduce potential bias, these unknown factors of 'value' will be independently clarified, quantified and valued during the data collection process.

INTRODUCTION

Compared with a traditional cost-effectiveness or cost-benefit analysis, a social return on investment (SROI) analysis takes on a wider economic perspective¹ and is defined as 'a framework for measuring and accounting for the much broader concept of value'. A SROI captures the health and non-health benefits by considering the social, economic and environmental costs and benefits and, in doing so, shifts the focus from outputs to impact. 1-4 A SROI can be applied to multiple interventions such as those in the health, justice and education settings, including education that pertains to rural student placements for health professionals. 15-8

20 years ago, health professional student placements in rural and remote areas of Australia were identified as an important rural recruitment strategy and funding priority. Since then, there has been a



growing body of research investigating the value, impact, barriers and facilitators to student placements in rural and remote areas of Australia. Rural recruitment pathways have been previously described as vague and interrupted, with an inconsistent return of graduates to the rural setting post-graduation. While the financial burden and cumulative commitment required for a rural placement can be prohibitive for some potential students, many who do participate in a rural placement report a positive and supportive rural experience. In 2020, COVID-19 impacted rural and remote health student placements in Australia, resulting in either cancelled placements or participation in an adapted placement.

In late 2021, Charles Sturt University, Three Rivers Department of Rural Health, was awarded a Commonwealth Government grant to expand the Rural Health Multidisciplinary Training (RHMT) Programme. The RHMT is designed to expand multi-disciplinary student placements in rural and remote areas of Australia, and it has been previously reported that for every \$1 spent under a RHMT Programme in Australia, another \$1 is generated in the local economy, 11 indicating a positive SROI. The current expansion of the RHMT programme will focus on an increase in health student training through high-quality rural education experiences (both traditional and non-traditional placement types); and additional programmes to ensure students are rural ready and culturally sensitive and engage effectively and collaboratively with rural communities. The aim of this study is to determine if the expanded RHMT has a positive SROI.

METHODS AND ANALYSES

This study protocol has been reported in accordance with the Consolidated Health Economic Evaluation Reporting Standards 2022, CHEERS 2022; online supplemental additional 1. This project has been approved by the Charles Sturt University Human Research Ethics Committee (reference number H23589) and the Aboriginal Health and Medical Research Council of New South Wales (reference number 2130/23). The RHMT Programme will expand into the Forbes, Parkes and Lachlan local government areas (inclusive of Condobolin) of New South Wales (Australia) where there is a population of 21 004 people, including 3743 First Nations peoples.

An overview of the project is presented in figure 1 (theory of change) and figure 2 (project logic model). In summary, the RHMT programme will aim to deliver the following activites: (a) appoint local clinical educators with demonstrable skills in cultural awareness to lead the programme expansion; (b) empower local health professionals to conduct clinical supervision of health students and offer them support via the Rural Health Education team at Three Rivers; (c) provide 264 weeks of allied health student placements per year in the Lachlan area ensuring that students undertaking a placement complete cultural awareness training, that has been designed and delivered by local First Nations community members and that First Nations students have access to the Charles Sturt mentoring programme; (d) acquire dedicated student accommodation; (e) establish a Rural Allied Health Advisory Committee to provide governance and direction for the RHMT Programme and to support strategies to improve long-term rural workforce recruitment and

1. CURRENT
CONDITIONS (THE
ISSUE): There is a
desire to increase the
number of student
placements hosted in
rural locations.There is
also a need to increase
the rural capabilities of
the future health
workforce in both
metropolitan and rural
areas.

2. IMPACT OF THE ISSUE: Rural communities have poorer health outcomes compared to their metropolitan counterparts. Undergraduate health students may be less inclined to choose a rural work location if they do not have adequate exposure to rural practice. This in turn impacts rural community access to health care, inclusive of First Nations communities.

3. STRATEGIES TO ADDRESS THE ISSUE: Commonwealth funded grant to expand the Rural Health Multidisciplinary Training Program, with an emphasis on rural readiness training and experiences that build cultural awareness.

4. ACTIONS TO ADDRESS THE ISSUE: Expand health student training through;
(a) high quality rural education experiences; (b) supporting students to be rural ready and culturally sensitive; and (c) engage effectively and collaboratively with rural communities.

5. IMPACT OF THE ACTIONS: To provide a sustainable Rural Health Multidisciplinary Training Program that provides a positive social return on investment for the rural communities (including the long term recruitment and retention of health professionals).

Figure 1 Project theory of change.

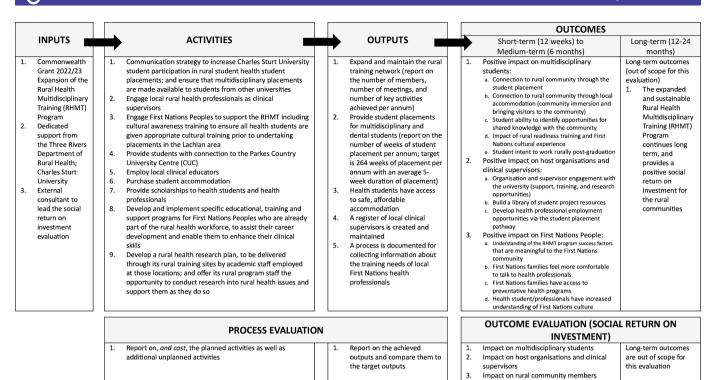


Figure 2 Project logic model.

retention; (f) partner with First Nations Peoples to enable students to develop cultural understanding and cultural responsiveness through cultural safety/rural readiness experiences and training; (g) collaborate with the Parkes Country University Centre to provide support and social connection to health students in the area; and (h) progress an evidence base by contributing to the Three Rivers research agenda via research and higher degree research student appointments, together with clinical-researcher partnership research models.

The aim of this study is to determine if the expanded RHMT has a positive SROI. To address this aim, the primary study question being answered is 'Does an expanded allied health student training programme in regional New South Wales (Australia), result in a positive social return on investment?', and this is broken down into the following individual research questions:

- 1. What 'investment' was required to implement the RHMT Programme?
- 2. What 'return' on the RHMT programme was achieved from the student perspective?
- 3. What 'return' on the RHMT programme was achieved from the organisational and supervisor perspective?
- 4. What 'return' on the RHMT programme was achieved from the community perspective, including First Nations peoples?

Methodological approach

The SROI will combine the actual impact with the potential impact of the RHMT. The actual (or evaluative) impact is the observed impact of the RHMT within the specified time horizon (in this case 1 year). The potential

(or forecast) impact is based on the value that will be created if the intended outcomes are achieved over the total time horizon (in this case 3 years). Activity data will be compared with pre-determined project targets, with qualitative data collected to provide context. Data collection methods include collecting programme outputs, programme costs and conducting surveys and interviews. Interviews may be conducted as a 1:1 interview or as a small group interview/yarning circle (n=2-6), depending on the preference of the participants. Where consent for recording an interview is provided, interviews will be recorded; however, if consent is not provided, detailed notes will be taken. To increase rigour, all investment and return data will be entered into the freely accessible Excelbased Value Map, developed by Social Value International, and will be analysed within this Value Map. 15

including First Nations Peoples

Study population and consent

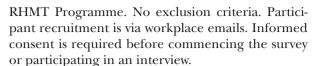
- 1. Multidisciplinary health students will be invited to participate in a post placement survey and interview. We will aim to recruit ~20 students.
 - a. Inclusion criteria: students aged 18+ years undertaking a health student placement through, or in partnership with, the RHMT Programme. No exclusion criteria. Participant recruitment is via the students' email. Informed consent is required prior to commencing the survey or participating in an interview.
- 2. Host organisations will be invited to participate in a post placement survey and interview. We will aim to recruit ~8 staff from host organisations.
 - a. Inclusion criteria: staff employed at the host organisation (aged 18+) who have had contact with the



BMJ Open: first published as 10.1136/bmjopen-2023-081419 on 7 August 2024. Downloaded from http://bmjopen.bmj.com/ on September 16, 2025 by guest.

Protected by copyright, including for uses related to text and data mining, Al training, and similar technologies.

and indirect supervisor costs associated with participation in a Source: self-reported via survey/interview Recall of direct and Recall of direct and indirect community costs associated with indirect student costs associated with participation in a rural supervisor use of the Parkes Country University Centre • 1/ The organisation invests in the RHMT Source: self-reported via survey / interview Recall of direct Will determine via record of payments associated with the Will determine via record of payments associated with the hour of individual time \$4.75 • 1/hour of group time \$4.75 Will determine via record of payments associated with the programme and the number who participate in the RHMT calculated per Brusco et al 2014, (21) then inflated by the Routinely collected RHMT data that include student and Potential students are made aware of Number of students who express interests in the RHMT X number of attendees Note: Capital costs, have been participation in a rural health student placement consumer price index https://www.abs.gov.au/ expansion of the RHMT (grant application) expansion of the RHMT (grant application) Source - Self reported via survey/interview expansion of the RHMT (grant application) rural health student placement How will this be measured? health student placement Defining the INVESTMENT elements of the social return of investment analysis (to be converted into \$A 2024/25) educators into the RHMT Programme The organisation invests in the RHMT Student accommodation is acquired enable them to enhance their clinical the health professions engage in the part of the rural health workforce, to (CUC) is utilised by supervisors and Scholarships are provided to health assist their career development and Local rural health professionals to The expanded RHMT Programme The expanded RHMT Programme Parkes Country University Centre students and health professionals First Nations peoples support the specific educational, training and developed and implemented and is developed and implemented in is developed and implemented in Nations peoples who are already Costs to develop and implement engage as clinical supervisors A rural health research plan is support programmes for First **Employment of local clinical** the RHMT programme What will change? RHMT Programme research agenda Programme Programme the area of people affected Number actually TBC potentially of people affected TBC IBC TBC <u>B</u> IBC TBC TBC TBC TBC TBC TBC TBC TBC Costs incurred by the community to support a rural health student Costs to provide students with connection to the Parkes Country including cultural awareness training to ensure all health students employed at those locations, and offer its rural programme staff the opportunity to conduct research into rural health issues and student placement (such as transport, accommodation, carbon student placement (such as transport, accommodation, carbon to be delivered through its rural training sites by academic staff Costs to develop and implement specific educational, training already part of the rural health workforce, to assist their career University student participation in rural student health student Costs to develop and implement a rural health research plan, placement (such as social inclusion of the student, as well as placements and ensure that multidisciplinary placements are Costs to engage First Nations peoples to support the RHMT development and enable them to enhance their clinical skills student placement (such as HR support, office consumables, transport, accommodation, carbon footprint that relates to a Costs incurred by the organisations to support a rural health Costs to provide scholarships to health students and health and support programmes for First Nations peoples who are Costs incurred by the student to participate in a rural health Costs for communication strategy to increase Charles Sturt Costs to engage local rural health professionals as clinical Costs incurred by the supervisors to support a rural health are given appropriate cultural training before undertaking Elements of the social return of investment analysis made available to students from other universities Costs to purchase student accommodation Costs to employ local clinical educators placements in the Lachlan area support them as they do so University Centre (CUC) student activity) professionals footprint) (ootprint) INVESTMENT: INVESTMENT: **NVESTMENT:** Organisations **NVESTMENT:** Programme supervisors and clinical community Table 1 Expanded Students RHMT Rural



- 3. Clinical supervisors will be invited to participate in a post placement survey and interview. We will aim to recruit ~5 clinical supervisors.
 - a. Inclusion criteria: clinical supervisor (aged 18+) who is involved in the RHMT Programme. No exclusion criteria. Participant recruitment is via workplace emails. Informed consent is required before commencing the survey or participating in an interview.
- 4. Community members including First Nations peoples will be invited to participate in interviews/yarning circle. We will aim to recruit ~10 community members including at least four First Nations peoples.
 - a. Inclusion criteria: community members aged 18+ who are impacted or potentially impacted by the RHMT Programme (aiming for the representation from the Condobolin, Peak Hill, Parkes and Forbes areas). No exclusion criteria. Participant recruitment is via a direct approach by project investigators (not members of the health service) and local First Nations research team member (MA). Informed consent is required before commencing the interview.

Impact of, and response to, participant withdrawal

Following the consent process, participants can withdraw from the project up until the point of the data being de-identified. At this point, it is not possible to remove data.

Setting and location

Rural New South Wales, Australia.

Comparators

There are no comparators.

'Social return' refers to the impact from the student, host organisation, clinical supervisor, local community and First Nations peoples' perspective.

Time horizon

3-year project (January 2022 – December 2024).

Discount rate, dead weight, displacement, attribution and drop off

The potential future (or forecast) impacts will have a 3.5% discount rate applied per annum to represent a reduced value on future impacts. In addition to the time-related discount rate, both the actual (or evaluative) impacts and potential (or forecast) impacts will be reviewed for dead weight, displacement, attribution and drop off, using data collected during the projects surveys and interviews, as well as data available in the literature.⁴ Once the different impacts have been reviewed for dead weight, displacement, attribution and

drop off, the determined rates for each will be applied to the social return values. It is expected that there will be different rates applied to the different impacts and that there may be overlap of certain impacts that require the 'repeat-impact' to be reduced in value, or valued at \$0, for example, the student who intend to work rurally post-graduation potentially overlaps with the community placing value on increased health professional recruitment. Finally, participants will also report the importance of each impact, and while this will not influence the value via a weight, it will establish the importance from the stakeholder's perspective.

- Dead weight indicates that an outcome, or a portion of the outcome, would have occurred anyway, without the RHMT.⁴ For example, the growth in the local economy was the same for the areas impacted by RHMT, as it was for neighbouring areas that were not impacted by RHMT.
- Displacement indicates that another activity did not occur to accommodate the activity of interest.⁴ For example, a health service did not initiative a new clinic, so the staff could focus on the RHMT.
- Attribution indicates that an outcome, or a portion of the outcome, occurred due to a separate intervention.4 For example, if a health service was going to commence an initiative with or without the RHMT. the outcome of the initiative cannot be attributed to the RHMT.
- Drop off indicates that while the value of an outcome may last for many years, it may decline in value in the future years.4 For example, the value of 'enhanced student teamwork' would decline in value over the coming years if the student goes on to work as a solo private practitioner.

Measurement and valuation of resources and costs (investment), as well as selection, measurement, and valuation of outcomes (return), have been detailed in tables 1 and 2.

Data collection/gathering

Data will be collected by Charles Sturt University, Three Rivers Department of Rural Health staff, and only de-identified data will be provided to the members of the research team who are external to the university. Data collection/gathering techniques are detailed in online supplemental additional 2-5,and these include Additional file 2: Data Collection Form 1-Multidisciplinary students (data collection via survey and interviews); Additional file 3: Data Collection Form 2—Host organisation staff and supervisors (data collection via survey and interviews); Additional file 4: Data Collection Form 3—Community Members including First Nations peoples (data collection via interviews); and Additional file 5: Data Collection Form 4—Student Placement Details and Supervisor/Student Activity Logs (data collection via current programme data collection processes).

Continued

BMJ Open: first published as 10.1136/bmjopen-2023-081419 on 7 August 2024. Downloaded from http://bmjopen.bmj.com/ on September 16, 2025 by guest .

Protected by copyright, including for uses related to text and data mining, Al training, and similar technologies.

Table 2	Defining the RETURN elements of the social return on inve	estment an	alysis (to be	n investment analysis (to be converted into \$A 2024/25)	
	Elements of the social return of investment analysis	Number of people potentially affected	Number of people actually affected	What will change?	How will this be measured and valued*†
RETURN: Students	Student's intent to work in the rural area post-graduation	TBC	TBC	One student/health professional who is influenced to work, or continue to work, in a rural area	Reference point: cost of rural allied health workforce turnover, inflated by the consumer price index https://www.abs.gov.au/
	Students have an increased understanding of First Nations cultures (ways of knowing, being and doing that are contextually relevant to the Lachlan region)	TBC	TBC	Students have an increased understanding of First Nations cultures	This will be explored with First Nations peoples, as well as students, supervisors, host organisation staff and the community, during the interviews. Where
	Student connection to the First Nations community	TBC	TBC	Improved student connection to the First Nations community	appropriate, this will be further defined, quantified and valued from the different perspectives
	Enhanced student learning	TBC	TBC	Enhanced student learning	
	Enhanced student connection with the community	TBC	TBC	Enhanced student connection with the community	
	Enhanced student capabilities/skills	TBC	TBC	Enhanced student capabilities/skills. Each skill identified will be specified and valued	
	Enhanced student experience during placement	TBC	TBC	Enhanced student experience during placement	In addition to interview and survey data, the literature
	Enhanced student sense of community belonging	TBC	TBC	Enhanced student sense of community belonging	will be reviewed to further quantify the value
	Enhanced student teamwork within the placement organisation	TBC	TBC	Enhanced student teamwork within the placement organisation	
	Enhanced student teamwork external to the placement organisation	TBC	TBC	Enhanced student teamwork external to the placement organisation	
	Unintended impacts described during the data collection period	TBC	TBC	TBC	
RETURN: Organisations and clinical	Health staff/supervisors have an increased understanding of First Nations cultures (ways of knowing, being and doing that are contextually relevant to the Lachlan region)	TBC	TBC	Health staff/supervisors have an increased understanding of First Nations cultures	This will be explored with First Nations peoples, as well as students, supervisors, host organisation staff and the community, during the interviews. Where
supervisors	Supervisor connection to the First Nations community	TBC	TBC	Increased supervisor connection to the First Nations community	appropriate, this will be further defined, quantified and valued from the different perspectives
	Enhanced supervisor connection with the community	TBC	TBC	Enhanced supervisor connection with the community	
	Enhanced supervisor capabilities/skills	TBC	TBC	Enhanced supervisor capabilities/skills. Each skill identified will be specified and valued	
	Enhanced supervisor experience during placement	TBC	TBC	Enhanced supervisor experience during placement	In addition to interview and survey data, the literature
	Enhanced supervisor sense of community belonging	TBC	ТВС	Enhanced supervisor sense of community belonging	will be reviewed to further quantify the value
	Enhanced supervisor teamwork within the placement organisation	TBC	TBC	Enhanced supervisor teamwork within the placement organisation	
	Enhanced supervisor teamwork external to the placement organisation	TBC	TBC	Enhanced supervisor teamwork external to the placement organisation	
	Unintended impacts described during the data collection period	TBC	TBC	ТВС	This will be explored with supervisors and host organisation staff during interviews

BMJ Open: first published as 10.1136/bmjopen-2023-081419 on 7 August 2024. Downloaded from http://bmjopen.bmj.com/ on September 16, 2025 by guest .

Protected by copyright, including for uses related to text and data mining, Al training, and similar technologies.

Table 2 Co	Continued				
	Elements of the social return of investment analysis	Number of people potentially affected	Number of people actually affected	What will change?	How will this be measured and valued*†
RETURN: Rura community	RETURN: Rural Health worker employment and/or retention in rural areas community	TBC	TBC	Increased health worker employment and/or retention in rural areas	Reference point: cost of rural allied health workforce turnover, inflated by the consumer price index https://www.abs.gov.au/
	Stimulation of the local economy (including additional visitors in the region and student engagement in community activities)	TBC	TBC	Stimulation of the local economy	
	Increase in community referrals to health services (including the First Nations community)	TBC	TBC	Increase in community referrals to health services	
	Increase in community referrals to community-based programmes (including the First Nations community)	TBC	TBC	Increase in community referrals to community-based programmes	In addition to interview and survey data, the literature will be reviewed to further quantify the value
	Increase in community engagement in health prevention programmes (including the First Nations community)	TBC	твс	Increase in community engagement in health prevention programmes	
	Increase in community engagement in health education programmes (including the First Nations community)	TBC	TBC	Increase in community engagement in health education programmes	
	First Nations families and community members feel more comfortable talking to health professionals	TBC	TBC	First Nations families and community members feel more comfortable talking to health professionals	This will be explored with First Nations peoples during interviews. Where appropriate, this will be further defined, quantified and valued from the perspective of
	First Nations families and community members build knowledge of health conditions	TBC	TBC	First Nations families and community members build knowledge of health conditions	First Nations peoples
	Unintended impacts described during the data collection period	TBC	TBC	TBC	This will be explored with members of the community, during interviews

Data sovereignty

Data sovereignty, 16 as it relates to intellectual property ownership, will be carefully discussed with the study participants before data collection. This is particularly important for the First Nations participants, as non-Indigenous researchers will collect First Nations knowledge and experiences through the interview process. In the context of this study, data sovereignty will include who can access: use and benefit from information that is held within First Nations communities, as well as who has the opportunity and right to define; and use and interpret data relating to First Nations communities. In addition to the data sovereignty defined by the study participants, at a minimum, it is intended that the analysis of the data will include First Nations researcher (MA), First Nations members of the Rural Allied Health Advisory Committee and First Nations stakeholders by explicitly asking if the proposed Social Return of Investment analysis includes things that matter and that are material, and if not, what should be included.

Currency, price date and conversion

All costs will be reported in \$A 2024/25. Costs data collected before this time will be inflated by consumer price index via the Reserve Bank of Australia Inflation Calculator.¹⁷

Rationale and description of the economic evaluation model

Not applicable as this social return of investment analysis does not include modelling as there are objective cost measures for the economic outcomes.

Analytics and assumptions

A social return of investment is a framework for identifying, measuring and valuing the impact of an activity, and it accounts for the social, economic and environmental values that can come as a result of said activity. It will assign a monetary value to the social, economic and environmental impact. 7 8 18 The following social return on investment principles will be followed for the current project: involving stakeholders, understanding what changes, valuing the things that matter, only including what is material, not overclaiming, being transparent and verifying the results. ⁷⁸¹⁸ For this study, the compilation of 'social return' is inclusive of many diverse areas including learning, connection, capabilities, experience, skills, belonging, referrals, prevention, education, teamwork, employment retention, etc. The investment refers to the Commonwealth Government grant to fund the extended RHMT programme, in addition to the in-kind resources provided by Charles Sturt University.

Following the identification of the key stakeholders, contact will be made with the key stakeholders to introduce the social return of investment methodology. Activities from the project logic model (figure 2) will be costed based on the university record of spending. Where cost data are not available, market rates will be applied. A combination of surveys, 1:1 interviews and small-group

interviews will be used to understand what may change, as the impact captured via outputs and outcomes, to ensure the evaluation includes things that matter and that are material and that there is no overclaiming. The impacts will be categorised per the project logic model (figure 2). Quantified outputs and outcomes will have a reference value applied. However, should an output or outcome not have a reference value, we will undergo a suitable process to establish the value. Processes may include techniques such as a Willingness to Pay analysis, the Delphi Technique or a Discrete Choice Experiment. The combined investment cost will be compared with the combined financial return to establish the SROI.

Each impact reported in the data will be defined as an actual (or evaluative) impact or as a potential (or forecast) impact. The results will apply a monetary value to all actual impacts and provide a sub-total for this; then apply a monetary value for all potential impacts and provide a sub-total for this; followed by a combined total for the actual and potential impacts. The *investment* and *return* data will be analysed within the Excel-based Value Map developed by Social Value International.¹⁵

Characterising heterogeneity, distributional effects and uncertainty

First Nations peoples will be able to self-identify in the surveys and interviews and we will estimate how the results of SROI analysis vary for First Nations peoples, including how the impacts are distributed across this priority group.

To characterise sources of uncertainty in the analysis, each resource/cost (investment) and outcome (return) will be examined with respect to evidential and decision uncertainty. Evidential uncertainty includes uncertainty in the sources that contribute to the evidence base (ie, missing or poor-quality data), and decision uncertainty includes uncertainty in the sources that substantially contribute to conclusions drawn from the SROI analysis. The identified sources of uncertainty will be addressed through sensitivity analyses where the source of uncertainty will be adjusted by a factor of 0.75 and 1.50 to understand the impact of that individual source on the SROI findings.

Patient and public involvement statement

Community consultation regarding the programme of work began before the grant application was submitted, and this included 30 letters of support provided from organisations operating in the local community. Extensive consultation and collaboration have continued with these community partners following the grant approval, and this is documented and submitted monthly to the Rural Allied Health Advisory Committee. The research to conduct a social return on investment was discussed with and approved by the Rural Allied Health Advisory Committee, and the research team includes three members who live in the research locale and have been able to continue consultation with community on the research methods proposed. Through formal and



informal feedback processes, the research team has received advice from community members about what type of data could and should be collected. The research team adjusted the research methods in response to this feedback. One example is that in conversation with local First Nations community members, it was identified that First Nations peoples would like to be able to self-identify as being a First Nations person and that their data should be included within the whole community dataset, rather than being separate. In line with AH&MRC requirements, the research team submitted a document to this ethics committee outlining the community consultation process, which commenced a year before the ethics application for the research was submitted.

DISCUSSION

Should the expansion of the RHMT produce a positive return of investment, alongside completion of the core project activity including additional health student placements, there will be several tangible benefits to the rural Lachlan region community, in New South Wales. These include recruitment of health professionals to the area, local economy stimulation and a self-reported positive impact on First Nations peoples. The potential positive impact on First Nations peoples includes improving access to health services, improving self-understanding of health conditions and improving health professionals understanding of First Nations cultures. It is, however, noted that in 2022, early stages of the RHMT project implementation plan were limited by the COVID-19 pandemic and regional flooding, which resulted in cancelled or adapted health student placements and reduced the planned data collection period.

With parallels to the current proposed study, a similar initiative and evaluation was completed between 2012 and 2018 for medical students undertaking extended rural health student placements in Queensland, Australia. The medical extended rural clinical placement programme reported a positive return of investment, in addition to improved clinical confidence and competence, with greater numbers of medical students planning to work in rural areas post-graduation.

Should this evaluation demonstrate a positive social return on investment, alongside completion of the core project activity including additional health student placements, national scaling and implementation of the programme should be carefully considered to realise the benefit Australia-wide.

ETHICS AND DISSEMINATION

This study has been approved by the Charles Sturt University Human Research Ethics Committee (reference number H23589) and the Aboriginal Health and Medical Research Council of New South Wales (reference number 2130/23). Plans for dissemination of the project results include publication in a peer-review

journal, in addition to being presented at relevant conferences. In addition, at the end of each survey and interview, participants are provided with the opportunity to provide a valid email/postal address so that they can obtain a copy of the project report in 12 months, and a post-programme community event will be hosted by Three Rivers Department of Rural Health to share project outcomes and findings with key stakeholders and community members of the Lachlan region. Plans for sharing and/or future use of data that is not covered in the current ethics application will be subject to a further application for ethical approval.

Author affiliations

¹Three Rivers Department of Rural Health, Charles Sturt University, Wagga Wagga, New South Wales, Australia

²Neighbourhood Central, Parkes, New South Wales, Australia

³La Trobe Rural Health School, La Trobe University, Bendigo, Victoria, Australia ⁴Rehabilitation, Ageing and Independent Living (RAIL) Research Centre, Monash University, Frankston, Victoria, Australia

Acknowledgements We would like to acknowledge Dr Jane Havelka, a First Nations researcher and academic who provided critical review of the study protocol. In addition, prior to being awarded funding by the Australian Commonwealth Government for the "Health Workforce Program: Expansion of the Rural Health Multidisciplinary Training Program in More Remote Settings (G04898)" scheme, this grant proposal underwent a peer review process.

Contributors The guarantor is MN, as noted in the following author's contributions. Conceptualisation: MN, EG, MA, LF, CL, RM and NB; Data curation: MN, EG, MA, LF and CL; Formal Analysis: EG, LF, CL, RM and NB; Funding acquisition: MN; Investigation: MN, EG, MA, LF and CL; Methodology: MN, EG, MA, LF and CL; Project administration: MN, EG, LF and CL; Resources: MN and EG; Software: RM and NB; Supervision: MN and EG; Validation: MN, EG, MA, LF, CL, RM and NB; Visualisation: LF, CL, RM and NB; Evaluation: Writing — original draft: EG, LF, CL, RM and NB; and Evaluation: writing — review and editing: MN, EG, MA, LF, CL, RM and NB.

Funding This study was funded by the Australian Commonwealth Government for the 2022-2024 "Health Workforce Program: Expansion of the Rural Health Multidisciplinary Training Program in More Remote Settings (G04898)" scheme.

Competing interests None declared.

Patient and public involvement Patients and/or the public were involved in the design, conduct, reporting or dissemination plans of this research. Refer to the Methods section for further details.

Patient consent for publication Not applicable.

Provenance and peer review Not commissioned; externally peer reviewed.

Supplemental material This content has been supplied by the author(s). It has not been vetted by BMJ Publishing Group Limited (BMJ) and may not have been peer-reviewed. Any opinions or recommendations discussed are solely those of the author(s) and are not endorsed by BMJ. BMJ disclaims all liability and responsibility arising from any reliance placed on the content. Where the content includes any translated material, BMJ does not warrant the accuracy and reliability of the translations (including but not limited to local regulations, clinical guidelines, terminology, drug names and drug dosages), and is not responsible for any error and/or omissions arising from translation and adaptation or otherwise.

Open access This is an open access article distributed in accordance with the Creative Commons Attribution Non Commercial (CC BY-NC 4.0) license, which permits others to distribute, remix, adapt, build upon this work non-commercially, and license their derivative works on different terms, provided the original work is properly cited, appropriate credit is given, any changes made indicated, and the use is non-commercial. See: http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc/4.0/.

ORCID iDs

Melissa Nott http://orcid.org/0000-0001-7088-5826 Elyce Green http://orcid.org/0000-0002-7291-6419 Natasha Brusco http://orcid.org/0000-0002-8825-5109

BMJ Open: first published as 10.1136/bmjopen-2023-081419 on 7 August 2024. Downloaded from http://bmjopen.bmj.com/ on September 16, 2025 by guest Protected by copyright, including for uses related to text and data mining, AI training, and similar technologies.

REFERENCES

- 1 Banke-Thomas AO, Madai B, Charles A, et al. Social return on investment (SROI) methodology to account for value for money of public health interventions: a systematic review. BMC Public Health
- Nicholls J, Lawlor E, Neitzert ETG. A Guide to Social Return on Investment, 2012, Available: http://wwwbondorguk/data/files/ Cabinet_office_A_guide_to_Social_Return_on_Investmentpdf
- Belfield C, Hollands FHL. What are the Social and Economic Returns, 2011. Available: https://www.google.com/ url?sa=t&source=web&rct=i&opi=89978449&url=https:// filesericedgov/fulltext/ED573122pdf&ved=2ahUKEwiMo-vmlP-FA xUjcGwGHVHIBEcQFnoECBsQAQ&usq=AOvVaw2qRaNpZrN-0ChJI98u6THh
- Social Return on Investment Network. A Guide to Social Return on Investment, 2012. Available: https://socialvalueukorg/resources/aquide-to-social-return-on-investment-2012
- Woolley T, Sen Gupta T, Stewart RA, et al. A return-on-investment analysis of impacts on james cook university medical students and rural workforce resulting from participation in extended rural placements. Rural Remote Health 2021;21:1-11.
- Kadel R, Stielke A, Ashton K, et al. Social return on investment (SROI) of mental health related interventions-A scoping review. Front Public Health 2022;10:965148.
- Krlev G, Münscher R, Mülbert K. Social Return on Investment (SROI): State-of-the-Art and Perspectives-a Meta-Analysis of Practice in Social Return on Investment (SROI) Studies Published 2002-2012. 2013.
- Nicholls J. Social return on investment-development and convergence. Eval Program Plann 2017;64:127-35.
- Neill J, Taylor K. Undergraduate nursing students' clinical experiences in rural and remote areas: recruitment implications. Aust J Rural Health 2002;10:239-43.

- Hoang H. Jessup B. Obamiro K. et al. Impact of COVID-19 on rural and remote student placements in australia: a national study. Aust J Rural Health 2022;30:197-207.
- KBC Australia. Independent Evaluation of the Rural Health Multidisciplinary Training Program; Final Report to the Commonwealth Department of Health, 2020, Available: https:// wwwhealthgovau/resources/publications/evaluation-of-the-ruralhealth-multidisciplinary-training-rhmt-program?language=en
- Smith T, Cross M, Waller S, et al. Ruralization of students' horizons: insights into australian health professional students' rural and remote placements. J Multidiscip Healthc 2018;11:85-97.
- Spiers MC, Harris M. Challenges to student transition in allied health undergraduate education in the australian rural and remote context: a synthesis of barriers and enablers. Rural Remote Health 2015:15:3069:176-92:.
- Husereau D, Drummond M, Augustovski F, et al. Consolidated health economic evaluation reporting standards 2022 (CHEERS 2022) statement: updated reporting guidance for health economic evaluations. Int J Technol Assess Health Care 2022;38:e13.
- Social Value International. SROI Value Map, 2024. Available: https:// wwwsocialvalueintorg/sroi-value-map [Accessed May 2024].
- Charles Sturt University. Terminology Guide. 2022. Available: https://www.google.com/url?sa=t&rct=j&g=&esrc=s&source=web&cd=&ved=2ahUKEwi-oLTY_j_AhXCSGwGHSwrB2lQFnoECAoQAQ&url=https%3A%2F%2Fcdncsueduau%2F__data%-2Fassets%2Fpdf file%2F0008%2F4196258%2FSIAS-Terminology-guide-Terminology-Guidepdf&usg=AOvVaw2I7rz5UvVVexug5QH-SA7y9&opi=89978449
- Inflation Calculator. Reserve Bank of Australia, 2023. Available: https://wwwrbagovau/calculator
- Then V, Schober C, Rauscher O, et al. Social return on investment analysis. In: Palgrave Studies in Impact Finance. Cham, 2017. Available: http://link.springer.com/10.1007/978-3-319-71401-1
- Rothery C, Claxton K, Palmer S, et al. Characterising uncertainty in the assessment of medical devices and determining future research needs. Health Econ 2017;26 Suppl 1:109-23.

Additional File 1 - CHEERS 2022 Checklist: A social return on investment analysis of the Expansion of the Rural Health Multidisciplinary Training Program in More Remote Settings, in the Lachlan region of New South Wales.

Topic	No.	Item	Location where item is reported
Title			
	1	Identify the study as an economic evaluation and specify the interventions being compared.	Title
Abstract		<u> </u>	
	2	Provide a structured summary that highlights context, key methods, results, and alternative analyses.	Abstract
Introduction		,	
Background and	3	Give the context for the study, the study question, and its practical	Introduction
objectives		relevance for decision making in policy or practice.	
Methods		5 1 7 1	
Health economic	4	Indicate whether a health economic analysis plan was developed and	Methods
analysis plan		where available.	
Study population	5	Describe characteristics of the study population (such as age range,	Methods
,,,,		demographics, socioeconomic, or clinical characteristics).	
Setting and location	6	Provide relevant contextual information that may influence findings.	Methods
Comparators	7	Describe the interventions or strategies being compared and why	Methods
		chosen.	
Perspective	8	State the perspective(s) adopted by the study and why chosen.	Methods
Time horizon	9	State the time horizon for the study and why appropriate.	Methods
Discount rate	10	Report the discount rate(s) and reason chosen.	Methods
Selection of	11	Describe what outcomes were used as the measure(s) of benefit(s)	Methods
outcomes		and harm(s).	
Measurement of	12	Describe how outcomes used to capture benefit(s) and harm(s) were	Methods
outcomes		measured.	
Valuation of	13	Describe the population and methods used to measure and value	Methods
outcomes		outcomes.	
Measurement and	14	Describe how costs were valued.	Methods
valuation of			
resources and costs			
Currency, price date,	15	Report the dates of the estimated resource quantities and unit costs,	Methods
and conversion		plus the currency and year of conversion.	
Rationale and	16	If modelling is used, describe in detail and why used. Report if the	Methods
description of model		model is publicly available and where it can be accessed.	
Analytics and	17	Describe any methods for analysing or statistically transforming data,	Methods
assumptions		any extrapolation methods, and approaches for validating any model	
		used.	
Characterising	18	Describe any methods used for estimating how the results of the study	Methods
heterogeneity		vary for subgroups.	
Characterising	19	Describe how impacts are distributed across different individuals or	Methods
distributional effects		adjustments made to reflect priority populations.	
Characterising	20	Describe methods to characterise any sources of uncertainty in the	Methods
uncertainty		analysis.	
Approach to	21	Describe any approaches to engage patients or service recipients, the	Methods
engagement with		general public, communities, or stakeholders (such as clinicians or	
patients and others		payers) in the design of the study.	
affected by the study			
Results			
Study parameters	22	Report all analytic inputs (such as values, ranges, references) including uncertainty or distributional assumptions.	N/A as this is a protocol paper

Topic	No.	Item	Location where item is reported
Summary of main results	23	Report the mean values for the main categories of costs and outcomes of interest and summarise them in the most appropriate overall measure.	N/A as this is a protocol paper
Effect of uncertainty	24	Describe how uncertainty about analytic judgments, inputs, or projections affect findings. Report the effect of choice of discount rate and time horizon, if applicable.	N/A as this is a protocol paper
Effect of engagement with patients and others affected by the study	25	Report on any difference patient/service recipient, general public, community, or stakeholder involvement made to the approach or findings of the study	N/A as this is a protocol paper
Discussion			
Study findings, limitations, generalisability, and current knowledge	26	Report key findings, limitations, ethical or equity considerations not captured, and how these could affect patients, policy, or practice.	Limited discussion as this is a protocol paper
Other relevant information			
Source of funding	27	Describe how the study was funded and any role of the funder in the identification, design, conduct, and reporting of the analysis	Declarations section
Conflicts of interest	28	Report authors conflicts of interest according to journal or International Committee of Medical Journal Editors requirements.	Declarations section

From: Husereau D, Drummond M, Augustovski F, et al. Consolidated Health Economic Evaluation Reporting Standards 2022 (CHEERS 2022) Explanation and Elaboration: A Report of the ISPOR CHEERS II Good Practices Task Force. Value Health 2022;25. doi:10.1016/j.jval.2021.10.008

Additional file 2 – Data collection form – students (survey & interview guide)

Data collection will be via a **survey** administered to all students at the conclusion of their placement. The survey is designed to capture the experience and impact (both intended and unintended impact) of the clinical placement.

Interviews, based on purposeful sampling, will also be conducted to further explore survey questions in detail. Recruitment for the interviews is via the survey (additional question at the end of the survey).

Page 1 of 13

Lachlan student evaluation SURVEY

PART 1: INSTRUCTIONS

This survey should be completed at the **conclusion of your placement**.

The survey results are used for evaluation of our placements to provide students with the best experience possible. We greatly value you taking the time to provide information about your experiences. We will not contact you in relation to any of your survey responses unless you give us permission to do so, or request to be contacted.

Please click on this link and review the Participant Information Sheet prior to completing the survey [LINK].

PART 2: CONSENT

By clicking on the 'start survey' button, this tells us you want to take part in the study, and consent to do so.

[START SURVEY BUTTON]

PART 3: ABOUT YOU AND YOUR PLACEMENT

Current residential location: Metro / Rural
Age
What course you are studying
Accommodation during placement
Did you receive a grant to support you on placement (yes / no)
Placement organisation
Placement organisation location
Placement type (e.g. hospital, aged care, childcare)
Length of placement (weeks)
Topic for your student project
Project presentation details (e.g. presented to 3 staff and 5 families)
Did you have visitors while on placement (e.g. family or friends)
If so, how many and how long did they stay?
Did you engage with any community groups while on placement? Please list
Have you attended the Parkes Country University Centre (CUC), either on-site or via an online platform? (yes $/$ no)
If so, please provide context (e.g. 3 hours per week as a study space; or attend on-site for a 1-hour training/education session).
Can you please list all the costs that you have incurred because of this rural clinical placement? For example, meals, travel, lost work, etc.

PART 4: IMPACT

Your placement was designed to impact multiple areas.

Can you please reflect on how this placement has impacted [FREE TEXT FOR EACH OPTION – LEAVE BLANK IF NO IMPACT ON AN AREA]:

- a. Your learning
- b. Your connection with the rural community in general, and specifically in relation to:
 - The student project
 - Bringing visitors to the region (student friends and family)
 - Student involvement in extracurricular activities e.g. community activities
 - Student connection to the First Nation community
- c. Your understanding of First Nation culture (consider the impact of the rural readiness training module and First Nations cultural experience)
- d. Your capabilities
- e. Your experience
 - Consider the student mentoring program (if applicable)
- f. Your skills
- g. Your sense of belonging
- h. Community referrals to health services
- i. Community referrals to community programs
- j. Community engagement in health prevention programs
- k. Community access to education
 - Are you able to identify specific opportunities for shared knowledge with the community
- I. Teamwork internal to your placement organization
- m. Teamwork external to your placement organization
- n. Health worker employment and/or retention in rural areas
- o. The local economy (student spending, visitor spending etc)

Can you think of any other way this placement has had an impact (positive, negative or neutral)? [FREE TEXT RESPONSE]

Please reflect on the barriers and facilitators to achieving the impacts described above. [FREE TEXT RESPONSE]

Student intent to work rurally post-graduation (adapted from previous published surveys (Isaac et al., 2014; The University of Melbourne, 2020)):

Variables	Question
Rural/non-rural background	Prior to this placement, have you previously lived in a Regional, Rural, Remote area?
Cohort	In what year are you currently studying? (e.g. 2nd year of study)
Conscription status	Did you choose to complete this placement through (or affiliated with) the Charles Sturt University's Three Rivers Department of Rural Health? Yes it was my choice / I needed encouragement to choose this option / No, it was the only feasible option
Current intended work location	Please answer the following two questions, reflecting on how you feel now, at the conclusion of this placement .
	When you have completed your course, in what area do you intend to work? (Metropolitan, Outer Metro, Regional, Rural, Remote)
Current level of interest in intended work location	How strong is your interest in working in that location (your answer to the previous question)?
	On a scale of 1 to 5, with 1 = not very strong at all, and 5 = very strong, please circle which applies to you.
Previous intended work location	Please answer the same two questions, reflecting on how you felt prior to this placement .
	When you have completed your course, in what area do you intend to work? (Metropolitan, Outer Metro, Regional, Rural, Remote)
Previous level of interest in intended work location	How strong is your interest in working in that location (your answer to the previous question)?
	On a scale of 1 to 5, with 1 = not very strong at all, and 5 = very strong, please circle which applies to you.
Impact of the placement	How strongly do you agree / disagree with this statement:
	This placement has encouraged me to consider living and working in a Regional, Rural, Remote location after I graduate.
	On a scale of 1 to 5, with 1 = not very strong at all, and 5 = very strong, please circle which applies to you.
Specialty	At this point in time, in what clinical area do you plan to work?

Page 5 of 13

PART 5: PLACEMENT OVERVIEW

Finally, can you please reflect on your most recent placement experience in the Lachlan area and rate the following statements using the scale from 1-5:

	1. Strongly disagree (1)	2. Somewhat disagree (2)	3. Neither agree nor disagree (3)	4. Somewhat agree (4)	5. Strongly agree (5)
The placement met my expectations (1)	0	0	0	0	0
The placement met my learning objectives (2)	0	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ
I felt welcomed by the host organisation (3)	0	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ
I received an adequate placement orientation (4)	0	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ
I had adequate access to clinical learning opportunities and learning resources (5)	0	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ
I was satisfied with the process by which I received feedback on my performance (6)	0	\circ	\circ	\circ	\bigcirc
I was satisfied with the clinical supervision I was provided during the placement (7)	0	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ
I felt I had a say in the planning and outcomes of this placement (8)	0	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ
The outcomes of this placement met the intended goals (9)	0	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ
I contributed to the activity or service capacity of the host organisation (10)	0	\bigcirc	\circ	\circ	\circ
The skills and experiences gained through the placement were relevant to my future health career (11)	0	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ
I had the opportunity to become immersed in the local community (12)	0	\circ	\circ	\circ	\bigcirc
I felt I belonged in the host organisation and community I was placed in (13)	0	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ
An identified community need or organisational gap was met by this placement (14)	0	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ
Cultural safety was maintained during this placement (15)	0	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ

Page 6 of 13

				Version 1	4-04-2023
I had the opportunity to engage with professions different to my own (16)	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ
I feel that the outcomes achieved by this project have the potential to have a sustainable impact on the community and / or organisation (17)	0	\circ	\circ	0	0
I feel that the outcomes of the project will be implemented in the future (18)	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ
I would recommend this placement to other students (19)	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ
Ve are always seeking to improve Please use this space to let us kn	•	•	•		

	Version 1 14-04-2023
PART 6	: ADDITIONAL CONSENT
work	are interested to understand whether your placement experience effects where you in future, and how it has influenced you personally or professionally. To help us erstand this, would like to link your survey responses to your workplace location in the.
Regulation and met	consent to the research team accessing the AHPRA <u>Australian Health Practitioner</u> ion <u>Agency - Home (ahpra.gov.au)</u> website, to report on your location of work (postcode; ro versus rural), noting all data would be de-identified and aggregated prior to ion? Yes / No
I conser intervals	nt to my survey responses being linked to my workplace postcode at the following
	First year of practice (1)
	Five years post graduation (2)
	Ten years post graduation (3)
•	would also like to speak to students who have been on placement in the Lachlan area to ore your experience of the placement.
-	consent to be contacted regarding participation in a 30-45 minute interview to further these survey questions in detail?
0	Yes, please contact me via:
\circ	No, thank you

C)	Would you like to be sent the results of this study in about 12 months time?
	O Yes, please send me the results (provide email address):
	O No, thank you
D)	Would you like to subscribe to Three Rivers Department of Rural Health monthly newsletter?
	○ Yes, I will subscribe by clicking on the following link [LINK]
	O No, thank you
En	d of survey. Thankyou for your time. Please press the submit button [SUBMIT]
En	d of Survey

Lachlan student evaluation INTERVIEW GUIDE

PART 1: INSTRUCTIONS

This interview will occur at the **conclusion of your placement.** The interview results are used for evaluation of our placements to provide students with the best experience possible. We greatly value you taking the time to provide information about your experiences.

The interview will take between 30 and 45 minutes. We will only record the interview if you give us permission to do so. Your interview will be combined with multiple other interviews to ensure that you remain anonymous.

PART 2: CONSENT

Prior to commencing ensure the participant has read and understood the Participant Information Sheet and has provided written informed consent (check for consent to record the interview).

Page 10 of 13

PART 3: ABOUT YOU AND YOUR PLACEMENT

Current residential location: Metro / Rural
Age
What course you are studying
Accommodation during placement
Did you receive a grant to support you on placement (yes / no)
Placement organisation
Placement organisation location
Placement type (e.g. hospital, aged care, childcare)
Length of placement (weeks)
Did you have visitors while on placement (e.g. family or friends)
If so, how many and how long did they stay?
Have you attended the Parkes Country University Centre (CUC), either on-site or via an online platform? (yes $/$ no)
If so, please provide context (e.g. 3 hours per week as a study space; or attend on-site for a 1-hour training/education session).
Can you please list all the costs that you have incurred because of this rural clinical placement? For example, meals, travel, lost work, etc.

PART 4: IMPACT

Your placement was designed to impact multiple areas.

Can you please reflect on how this placement has impacted (choose a few areas to explore and continually ask about the "value" of the impact):

- a. The impact on you, and on other students, to work in Regional, Rural, Remote areas post graduation
- b. Your learning
- c. Your connection with the rural community in general, and specifically in relation to:
 - The student project
 - Bringing visitors to the region (student friends and family)
 - Student involvement in extracurricular activities e.g. community activities
 - Student connection to the First Nation community
- d. Your understanding of First Nation culture (consider the impact of the rural readiness training module and First Nations cultural experience)
- e. Your capabilities
- f. Your experience
 - Consider the student mentoring program (if applicable)
- g. Your skills
- h. Your sense of belonging
- i. Community referrals to health services
- j. Community referrals to community programs
- k. Community engagement in health prevention programs
- Community access to education
 - Are you able to identify specific opportunities for shared knowledge with the community
- m. Teamwork internal to your placement organization
- n. Teamwork external to your placement organization
- o. Health worker employment and/or retention in rural areas
- p. The local economy (student spending, visitor spending etc)

Can you think of any other way this placement has had an impact (positive, negative or neutral)?

Please reflect on the barriers and facilitators to achieving the impacts described above.

PART 5: ADDITIONAL CONSENT

A)	Would you like to be sent the results of this study in about 12 months time?
	Yes, please send me the results (provide email address):
	○ No, thank you
B)	Would you like to subscribe to Three Rivers Department of Rural Health monthly newsletter?
	○ Yes, I will subscribe by clicking on the following link [LINK]
	O No, thank you
En	d of Interview

REFERENCES

Isaac, V, Watts, L, Forster, L, & McLachlan, CS. (2014). The influence of rural clinical school experiences on medical students' levels of interest in rural careers. *Human Resources for Health*, *12*(1), 48. https://doi.org/10.1186/1478-4491-12-48
The University of Melbourne. (2020). STUDENT PLACEMENT SURVEY REVIEW.

Additional file 3 – Data collection form - student supervisors and host organisations (survey & interview guide)

Data collection will be via a **survey** administered to all supervisors and host organisations at the conclusion of the student placement. The survey is designed to capture the experience and impact (both intended and unintended impact) of the clinical placement.

In addition, A QR code will be developed to provide a direct link to the survey. The QR code will be advertised during student end-of-placement presentations as another method for recruiting supervisors and host organisation staff to complete the survey.

Interviews, based on purposeful sampling, will also be conducted to further explore survey questions in detail. Recruitment for the interviews is via the survey (additional question at the end of the survey).

Page 1 of 11

Lachlan supervisor and host organisation evaluation SURVEY

PART 1: INSTRUCTIONS

This survey should be completed at the conclusion of your students placement.

The survey results are used for evaluation of our placements to provide students with the best experience possible. We greatly value you taking the time to provide information about your experiences. We will not contact you in relation to any of your survey responses unless you give us permission to do so, or request to be contacted.

Please click on this link and review the Participant Information Sheet prior to completing the survey [LINK].

PART 2: CONSENT

By clicking on the 'start survey' button, this tells us you want to take part in the study, and consent to do so.

[START SURVEY BUTTON]

PART 3: ABOUT YOUR MOST RECENT STUDENT PLACEMENT AND YOUR ORGANISATION

Placement organisation
Placement organisation location
Placement type (e.g. hospital, aged care, childcare)
What placement disciplines do you supervise / host
Length of placement (weeks)
Have you attended the Parkes Country University Centre (CUC), either on-site or via an online platform? (yes / no)
If so, please provide context (e.g. 3 hours per week as a study space for post-grad studies; or attend on-site for a 1-hour training/education session).

PART 4: IMPACT

The student placement was designed to impact multiple areas.

Can you please reflect on how this placement has impacted [FREE TEXT FOR EACH OPTION – LEAVE BLANK IF NO IMPACT ON AN AREA]:

- a. The impact on your student, and on other students, to work in Regional, Rural, Remote areas post-graduation
- b. Student learning
- c. Student connection with the rural community in general, and specifically in relation to:
 - The student project
 - Bringing visitors to the region (student friends and family)
 - Student involvement in extracurricular activities e.g. community activities
 - Student connection to the First Nation community
- d. Student understanding of First Nation culture (consider the impact of the rural readiness training module and First Nations cultural experience)
- e. Student capabilities
- f. Student experience
 - o Consider the student mentoring program (if applicable)
- g. Student skills
- h. Student sense of belonging
- i. Your sense of belonging (as a supervisor or a staff member at the host organisation)
- j. Community referrals to health services
- k. Community referrals to community programs
- I. Community engagement in health prevention programs
- m. Community access to education
 - Are you able to identify specific opportunities for shared knowledge with the community
- n. Teamwork internal to your placement organization
- o. Teamwork external to your placement organization
- p. Health worker employment and/or retention in rural areas
- q. The local economy (student spending, visitor spending etc)

Can you think of any other way this placement has had an impact (positive, negative or neutral)? [FREE TEXT RESPONSE]

Please reflect on the barriers and facilitators to achieving the impacts described above. [FREE TEXT RESPONSE]

PART 5: PLACEMENT OVERVIEW

Finally, can you please reflect on your most recent student supervision / host experience in the Lachlan area and rate the following statements using the scale from 1-5:

	1. Strongly disagree (1)	2. Somewhat disagree (2)	3. Neither agree nor disagree (3)	4. Somewhat agree (4)	5. Strongly agree (5)
The placement met my expectations (1)	0	0	0	0	0
I felt confident providing the supervision for this placement (2)	0	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ
An identified community need or organisational gap was met by this placement (3)	0	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ
I was aware of the student/s learning objectives for this placement (4)	0	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ
The student/s were provided with an adequate placement orientation (5)	0	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ
I felt I had a say in the planning and outcomes of this placement (6)	0	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ
The outcomes of this placement met the intended goals (7)	0	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ
The student/s contributed to the activity or service capacity of the host organisation (8)	0	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ
The skills and experiences gained through the placement were relevant to the student/s future health career (9)	0	0	0	\circ	0
The student had the opportunity to become immersed in the local community (10)	0	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ
I felt supported by Three Rivers during the clinical supervision (11)	0	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ
I feel that the outcomes achieved by this project have the potential to have a sustainable impact on the community and / or organisation (12)	0	0	0	0	\circ
Cultural safety was maintained during this placement (13)	0	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ
I feel that the outcomes of this project will be implemented in the future (14)	0	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ

Page 5 of 11

				Version 1	14-04-2023
I would recommend this work to other supervisors (15)	0	0	0	0	0
Ve are always seeking to improve Please use this space to let us kno	•	•	•		
rease use triis space to let us kno	w what work	ea well of wr	Tat could be	improved.	

Page 6 of 11

	Version 1 14-04-2023
PΑ	RT 6: ADDITIONAL CONSENT
A)	We would also like to speak to supervisors, and staff from the host organsiation, in the Lachlan area to further explore your experience of the placement.
	you consent to be contacted regarding participation in a 30-45 minute interview to further plore these survey questions in detail?
	O Yes, please contact me via:
	O No, thank you
В)	Would you like to be sent the results of this study in about 12 months time?
	O Yes, please send me the results (provide email address):
	O No, thank you
C)	Would you like to subscribe to Three Rivers Department of Rural Health monthly newsletter?
	○ Yes, I will subscribe by clicking on the following link [LINK]
	○ No, thank you
En	d of survey. Thankyou for your time. Please press the submit button [SUBMIT]
En	d of Survey

Lachlan supervisor and host organisation evaluation INTERVIEW GUIDE

PART 1: INSTRUCTIONS

This interview will occur at the **conclusion of your students placement.** The interview results are used for evaluation of our placements to provide students and supervisors with the best experience possible. We greatly value you taking the time to provide information about your experiences.

The interview will take between 30 and 45 minutes. We will only record the interview if you give us permission to do so. Your interview will be combined with multiple other interviews to ensure that you remain anonymous.

PART 2: CONSENT

Prior to commencing ensure the participant has read and understood the Participant Information Sheet and has provided written informed consent (check for consent to record the interview).

Page 8 of 11

PART 3: ABOUT YOUR MOST RECENT STUDENT PLACEMENT AND YOUR ORGANISATION

Placement organisation
Placement organisation location
Placement type (e.g. hospital, aged care, childcare)
What placement disciplines do you supervise / host
Length of placement (weeks)

PART 4: IMPACT

The student placement was designed to impact multiple areas.

Can you please reflect on how this placement has impacted (choose a few areas to explore and continually ask about the "value" of the impact):

- a. The impact on your student, and on other students, to work in Regional, Rural, Remote areas post-graduation
- b. Student learning
- c. Student connection with the rural community in general, and specifically in relation to:
 - The student project
 - Bringing visitors to the region (student friends and family)
 - Student involvement in extracurricular activities e.g. community activities
 - Student connection to the First Nation community
- d. Student understanding of First Nation culture (consider the impact of the rural readiness training module and First Nations cultural experience)
- e. Student capabilities
- f. Student experience
 - Consider the student mentoring program (if applicable)
- g. Student skills
- h. Student sense of belonging
- i. Your sense of belonging (as a supervisor or a staff member at the host organisation)
- j. Community referrals to health services
- k. Community referrals to community programs
- I. Community engagement in health prevention programs
- m. Community access to education
 - Are you able to identify specific opportunities for shared knowledge with the community
- n. Teamwork internal to your placement organization
- o. Teamwork external to your placement organization
- p. Health worker employment and/or retention in rural areas
- q. The local economy (student spending, visitor spending etc)

Can you think of any other way this placement has had an impact (positive, negative or neutral)?

Please reflect on the barriers and facilitators to achieving the impacts described above.

PART 5: ADDITIONAL CONSENT

A)	Would you like to be sent the results of this study in about 12 months time?
	O Yes, please send me the results (provide email address):
	O No, thank you
B)	Would you like to subscribe to Three Rivers Department of Rural Health monthly newsletter?
	○ Yes, I will subscribe by clicking on the following link [LINK]
	O No, thank you
En	d of Interview

Additional file 4 – Data collection form – community members (interview guide)

Data collection will be via 1:1 interviews, as well as small group interviews (or yarning circles), with community members including First Nations Peoples. The interviews are designed to capture the experience and impact (both intended and unintended impact) of the Rural Health Multidisciplinary Training (RHMT) Program, in addition to the desired impact of the RHMT. Interviews will be based on purposeful sampling across the Lachlan area (inclusive of Parkes, Forbes, Peak Hills and Condobolin LGAs).

Page 1 of 4

Lachlan community evaluation INTERVIEW GUIDE

PART 1: INSTRUCTIONS

This interview will occur towards the end of 2023. The interview results are used to evaluate the experience and impact of the Rural Health Multidisciplinary Training (RHMT) Program. We greatly value you taking the time to provide information about your experiences.

The interview will take between 30 and 45 minutes. We will only record the interview if you give us permission to do so. Your interview will be combined with multiple other interviews to ensure that you remain anonymous.

PART 2: CONSENT

Prior to commencing ensure the participant has read and understood the Participant Information Sheet and has provided written informed consent (check for consent to record the interview).

PART 3: ABOUT YOU

Current residential location: Parkes, Forbes, Condobolin, Peak Hills, other_____

Age group (18-30; 31-40; 41-50; 51-60; 61-70; 70+)

Do you identify as Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander People? Yes / No / Prefer no to say

Have you had any interaction with the Rural Health Multidisciplinary Training (RHMT) Program (Yes / No)

If yes, what was the interaction? (examples below)

- a. Students engaging in rural readiness and Indigenous cultural training
- b. Students on placement
- c. Engaging with program staff
- d. Engaging with health professionals involved in the program

PART 4: IMPACT

Facilitator to provide a brief overview of the Rural Health Multidisciplinary Training (RHMT) Program.

- Explain that the program and placements were designed to impact multiple areas.
- Explain that we would like a discussion to understand the RHMT program success factors that are meaningful to the community.
- Explain that we would like to explore the real and desired impact of the RHMT.

Ask the participants to reflect on how the program <u>has impacted</u>, or <u>could impact</u>, the community (choose a few of the intended impact areas below to explore, and continually ask about the participant would "value" the impact):

ESTABLISH POTENTIAL COMMUNITY IMPACT

- Facilitate a discussion to understand the RHMT program success factors that are meaningful to the community.
- b. Explore the desired impact of the RHMT.

ESTABLISH POTENTIAL FIRST NATIONS COMMUNITY IMPACT

- c. Facilitate a discussion to understand if the RHMT program actually has, or potentially could, help:
 - First Nations families Community members feel more comfortable talking to health professionals
 - Community members First Nations families build knowledge of health conditions
 - Health staff and students have an increased understanding of First Nations cultures (ways of knowing, being and doing that are contextually relevant to the Lachlan region)

DISCUSS AREAS OF INTENDED RHMT IMPACT (choose areas that relate to the participants interactions with the RHMT)

- d. The impact on students working in Regional, Rural, Remote areas post-graduation
- e. Student connection with the rural community in general, and specifically in relation to:
 - The student project
 - Bringing visitors to the region (student friends and family)
 - o Student involvement in extracurricular activities e.g. community activities
 - Student connection to the First Nation community
- f. Student understanding of First Nation culture (consider the impact of the rural readiness training module and First Nations cultural experience)
- Student capabilities, experience (consider the student mentoring program, if applicable), skills, and sense of belonging.
- h. Community referrals to health services
- i. Community referrals to community programs
- j. Community engagement in health prevention programs
- k. Community access to education
- I. Teamwork internal to your placement organization
- m. Teamwork external to your placement organization
- n. Health worker employment and/or retention in rural areas
- o. The local economy (student spending, visitor spending etc)

Page 3 of 4

Can you think of any other way this program has, or could have, had an impact on the community (consider real and desired impacts; including positive, negative and neutral impacts)?

Community members' reflections on barriers and facilitators to achieving these impacts

- a. Appropriate / preferred communication style
- b. Engagement
- c. Resources
- d. Other

P	ART	5: /	/DDI	TIONA	L CONSENT
---	-----	------	------	-------	-----------

4)	Would you like to be sent the results of this study in about 12 months time?
	○ Yes, please send me the results (provide email or postal address):
	O No, thank you
٦,	Mandal van like te suksenike te Thurs Divers Department of Divert Health we will be seen
3)	Would you like to subscribe to Three Rivers Department of Rural Health monthly newsletter?
	○ Yes, I will subscribe by clicking on the following link [LINK]
	O No, thank you
En	d of Interview

Additional file 5 – Data collection form - routinely collected program data (data collection via current program data collection processes)

The Charles Sturt University team will collect the following data on an ongoing basis:

- Weeks of student placements completed, detailing:
 - o The allied health discipline
 - Utilisation of the new 3-bedroom house in Forbes
- The number of members, meetings and attendees at the Rural Allied Health Advisory Committee
 meetings; as well as the number of co-designed strategies developed by the team to improve
 long term rural workforce recruitment and retention
- The number and type of occasions when the RMHT extension program contributes to the Three Rivers research agenda (for example via Research and HDR student appointments, or clinicalresearcher partnership research models)
- A description of the partnerships established with First Nations Peoples, as well as the activities that evolve from said partnerships

Where appropriate, actual data will be compared to pre-determined project targets, with qualitative data collected to provide context.

Using current "business as usual" data collection processes, the following data will be collected:

Key costs associated with the expansion of the RHMT	
Record of payments associated with the expansion of the RHMT (gra	nt application)
Internal (CSU) student placement data: reported monthly	
Accommodation Facility	
Discipline	
Suburb of placement	
Placement Start Date	
Placement End Date	
Duration	
Accommodation booking length (days)	
External (non-CSU) service-learning placement data reported	6 monthly
Discipline	
Suburb of placement	
Placement Start Date	
Placement End Date	
Duration	
Student supports - accommodation data: reported 6 monthly	(would only include non-CSU)
Accommodation Facility	
Arrival/Check In Date	
Departure/ Check Out Date	
University	
Discipline	
Suburb of placement	
Placement Duration (Days)	
Heard About TRUDRH Accommodation?	
Student supports - grants data: reported 6 monthly	
Payment Amounts-Amount Paid/Allocated this Period	
CSU Enrolment Details-Course Name Enrolled or Preference 1	

Page 1 of 2

1
Subject Code
Placement Town or City
Start date of placement
End date of placement
Total Weeks Supported
Health professional education sessions: log kept
Date
Topic
Presenter
Num of attendees
% satisfaction
Student activities: log kept
Date
Topic
Presenter
Num of attendees
% satisfaction
OTHER DATA COLLECTION
Minutes from the regional leadership team;
o Number of members and attendees at each meeting,
o A list of co-designed strategies to improve long term rural workforce recruitment and
retention which have been reported by the regional leadership team,
Country University Centre support;
o A list of supportive student activities created with or promoted through the CUC, number of
invitees/attendees
Participation in research activity;
o Student, staff and partner participation in research activity will be reported.